



# Leveraging Technology for Safer Streets: Innovations for Vulnerable Road Users

Jeffrey Connor  
Data Analytics Supervisor  
Seattle Department of Transportation

# Innovation Timeline

- 2019  
Adaptive Signals
- 2021  
Probe-Based Travel  
Times
- 2024  
VRU Responsive Signals



# Innovation Results

- 2019  
Adaptive Signals
- 2021  
Probe-Based Travel  
Times
- 2024  
VRU Responsive Signals

When piloting new technology:  
**Verify your use case.**

# 2019: Adaptive Signals Evaluation

## Is video detection a feasible alternative to loops for signal operations?

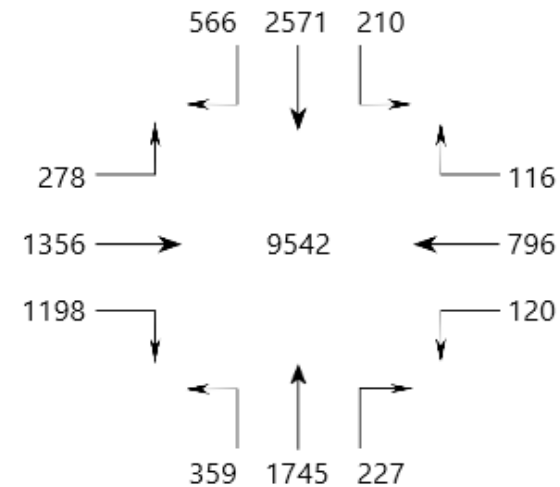
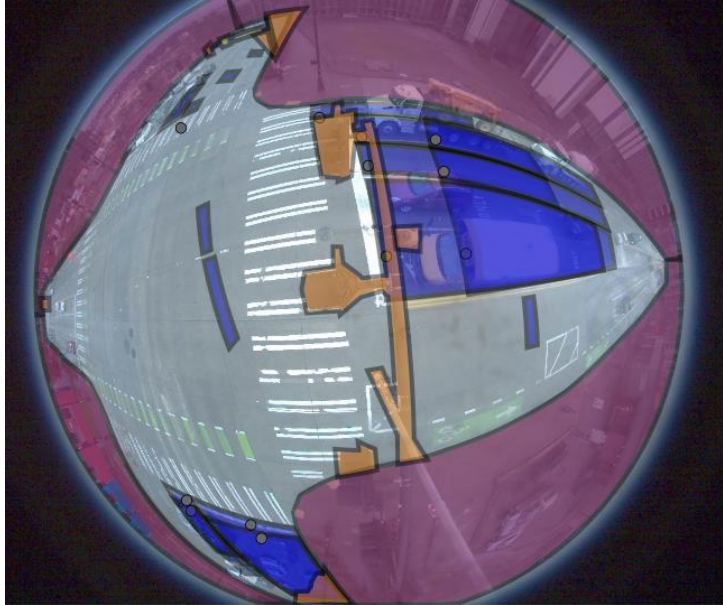
- Evaluated 3 video-based signal detection systems
- Compared light and heavy traffic volumes, day and night light levels, rain and sun factors
- No Camera could accurately detect vehicles in the stop bar and the advanced zones with the same view
- **2 systems could accurately detect vehicles at the stop bars**



Figure 1: Location of Video Detection Evaluation

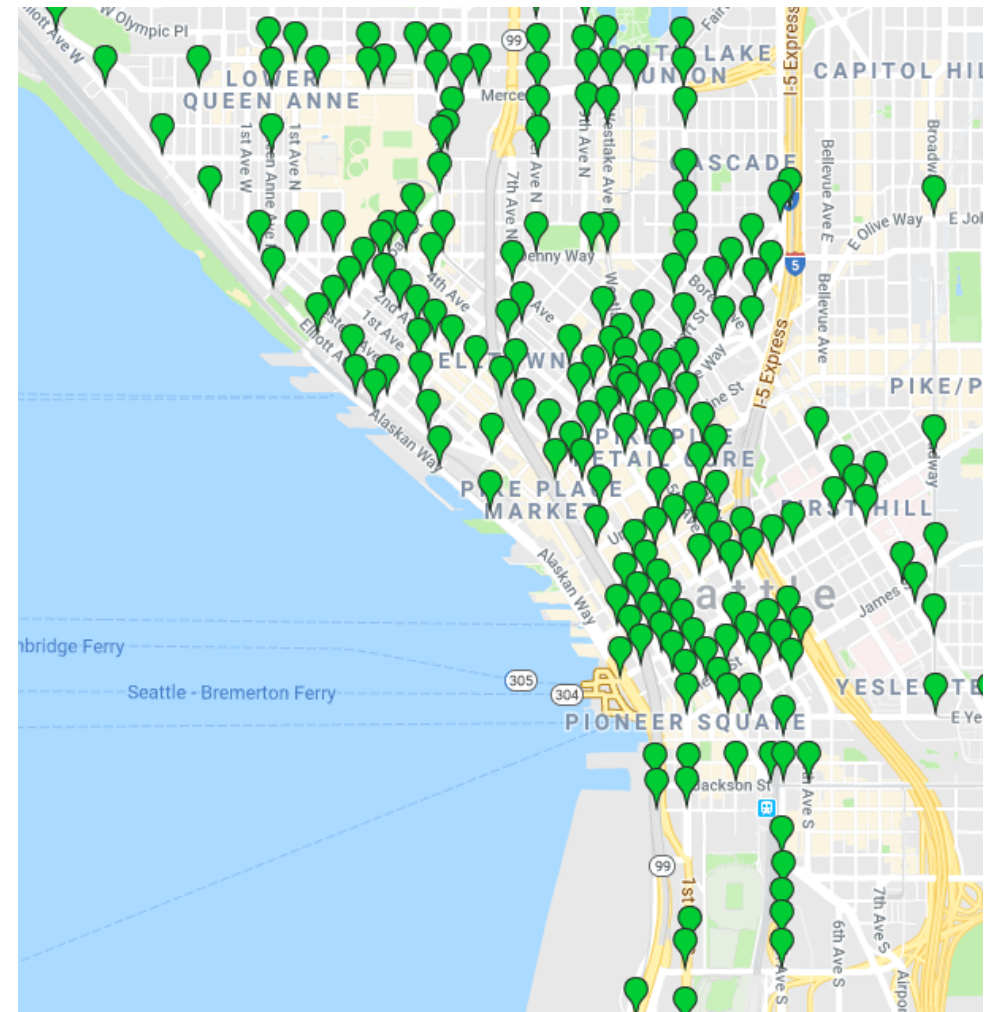
# Adaptive Signals in Action

- 130+ intersections with detection from 1-2 bell cameras
- Allows for 24/7 **vehicle** counts, although often 20+% undercounting at night



# 2021: Probe-Based Travel Times

- Initial Solution: Wi-Fi signal monitoring
  - 300+ sensors
  - Linear increase in annual fees and maintenance
    - Where's the budget?



# 2021: Probe-Based Travel Times



Probe Data: real-time data from connected vehicles, GPS and navigation devices.

- Evaluated 7 vendor solutions on
  - Features offered
  - Data quality

	HERE	ITERIS	Moonshadow	Otonomo	SMATS	Wejo	INRIX	TomTom
<b>Data Source</b>	HERE	ITERIS	Moonshadow	Otonomo	SMATS	Wejo	INRIX	TomTom
How do you collect, capture or collect them separately or in all at once?	No, All Traffic Up.	Yes, when provided by the dataset	Yes	Yes	Not beyond "Google" or sources, HERE is the source	Some location providers	No - Full Time Yes - Trip Data Yes - Historic	Yes for Historical No for real-time
Can you separate device or vehicle?	No	Yes, when provided by the dataset	Only with OEM data	Yes for Vehicle data only; No for app-based data.	Yes, if data by the provider	Yes, Vehicle data only; No app-based data.	Yes	Yes
<b>Real Time (RT)</b>	HERE	ITERIS	Moonshadow	Otonomo	SMATS	Wejo	INRIX	TomTom
Do you have RT capabilities?	Yes, both through partner	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
<b>Data Quality</b>	HERE	ITERIS	Moonshadow	Otonomo	SMATS	Wejo	INRIX	TomTom
Do you actively compare your probe travel time data with other sources (outside your control)? If yes, what data (Bluetooth, WiFi, LPR, floating car or other road data)? How often?	Some	Yes, Bluetooth, POI-FI	Can filter out unreliable data by using the vendor	No	Yes, with any device Bluetooth/WIFI	No	Yes, Bluetooth/WIFI, Floating Car, etc.	Yes
If any data is "filled in", will the system clearly report that (with a note in the table, can the user understand immediately if data is "real" or filled in)?	Yes - Confidence Factor	Yes	N/A	N/A	No for Google Yes for HERE	N/A	Yes - Confidence Score	Yes
Do you have actual trip number that a client can occur for a given time period and a device ID, can your system report how many individual observations or trip numbers capture?	No	Yes, for historical data	Yes	See Note	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
If you do have actual trip numbers, do you compare them to any volume or speed or other data to get true penetration rate? If yes, what source of volume or speed data? What is the scale of those penetration rate data? What units? How often?	N/A	No	No	No	N/A	No	See Note	No
<b>Privacy</b>	HERE	ITERIS	Moonshadow	Otonomo	SMATS	Wejo	INRIX	TomTom
Can you provide raw data (individual trip data points)?	Yes	Yes, Only through their data	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
If you do not provide raw data, can you provide aggregated data? If yes, how do you aggregate? Can they be used for purposes that they cannot occur on raw data?	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A
Does your system report on neighborhood density? If not, describe where your biggest pain is between machine and neighborhood? Only large entities? Small businesses? How often do you see any coverage, and how appropriate?	Insufficient volume	Yes	Dependent on Data Provider	Dependent on Provider	Some	Yes	Some	Yes
<b>Integration</b>	HERE	ITERIS	Moonshadow	Otonomo	SMATS	Wejo	INRIX	TomTom
Do you have a web-based client-facing platform?	Not directly	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Is it a map-based interface?	Yes, via HERE partner horiz.	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Can the client edit their own data?	Yes, via HERE partner horiz.	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Can the client edit their data?	Yes, via HERE partner horiz.	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Can the client edit their data?	Yes, via HERE partner horiz.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Does the platform allow real-time analysis?	Yes, via HERE partner horiz.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Map-based reporting capabilities?	Yes, via HERE partner horiz.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Can the client see a custom, when and reports and alerts that can work on the data?	Yes, via HERE partner horiz.	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Origin-destination analysis and reporting?	Yes, via HERE partner Streetlight Data	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes, through the Trip Path/Analytics.	Yes
<b>Other</b>	HERE	ITERIS	Moonshadow	Otonomo	SMATS	Wejo	INRIX	TomTom

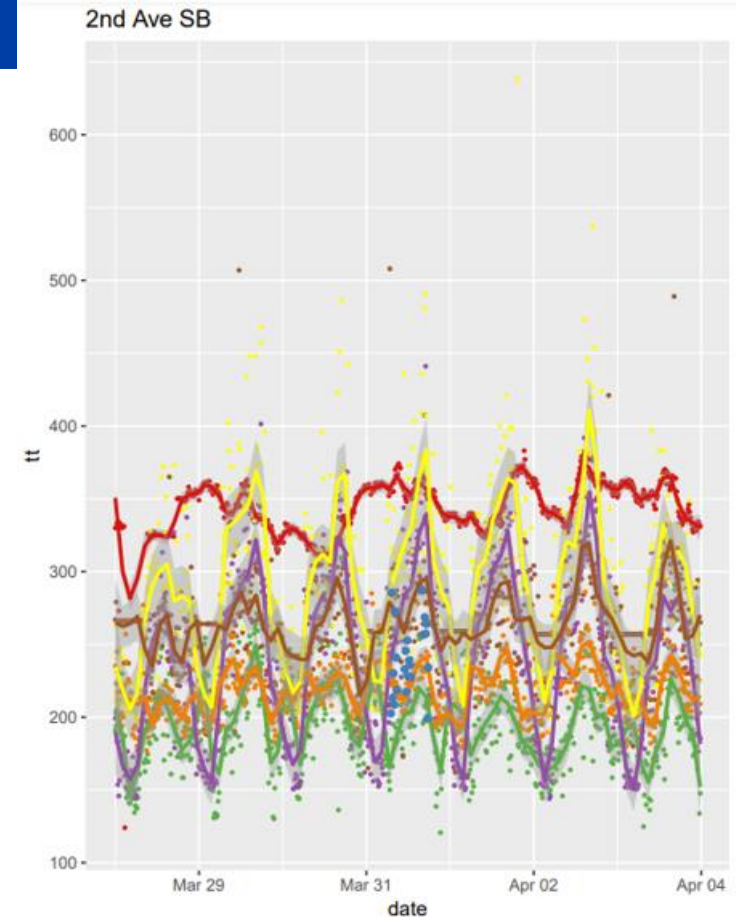
# 2021: Probe-Based Travel Times

Travel times can be accurate

- Seven vendor solutions compared with a floating car on four Seattle arterials

Speeds can be accurate

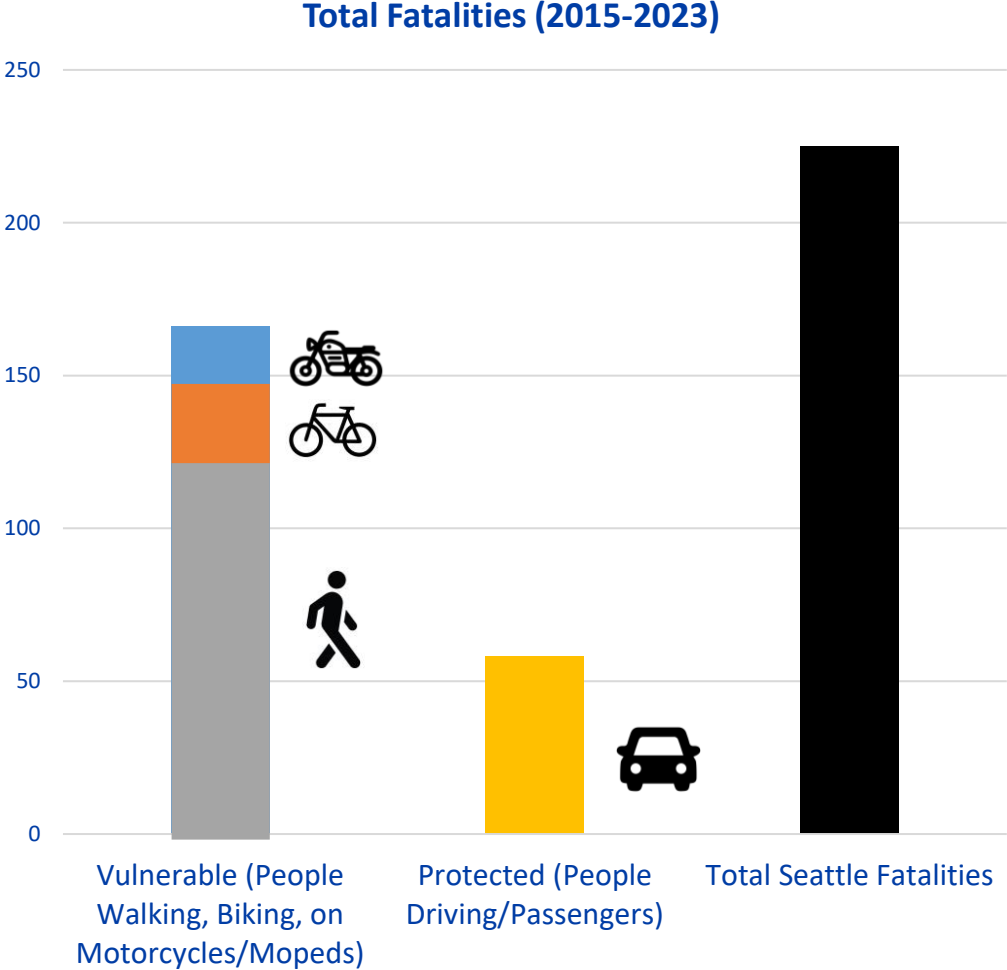
- Average speeds on the Aurora Bridge matched our own pneumatic tube speed study



*"Performance on the slowdown analysis – the current preferred way to quantify operational performance on arterials – improved dramatically" when comparing probe data from 2013 to 2018.*  
-University of Maryland Vehicle Probe Project

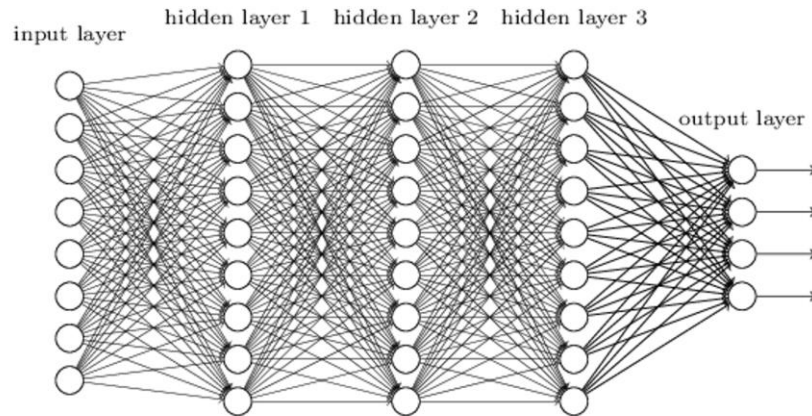


# Increased Focus: Vulnerable Road Users



# Shift in Technology: AI/ML Video Analytics for Cyclist & Pedestrian Responsive Signals

New Models



## Extensive Classifications

- Cars, Trucks, Pedestrians, Bicycles, Strollers, Wheelchairs, Pets

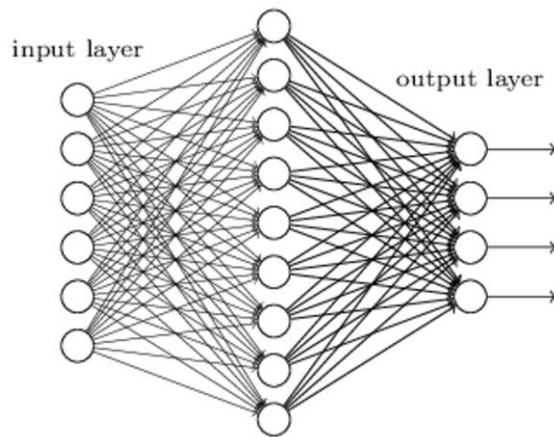
## Extensive Reinforced Learning

- Years of model training
- Specific to transportation

## Basic Video Detection & Classification

- Use of public domain models and learning sets
- Not specific for transportation

Initial Models



# Video Analytics: Edge Detection

Near Miss Analysis



- Red light running (Car and Pedestrian)
- Lane compliance
- Wrong way driving
- Stopped vehicle detection
- Near Miss heat maps

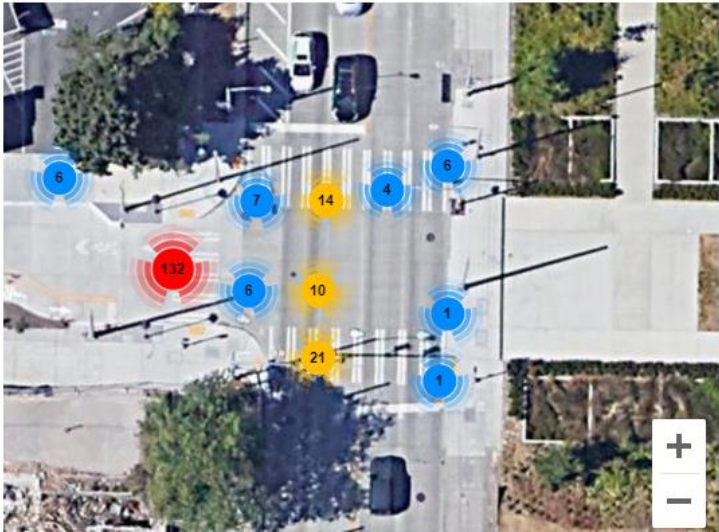


## NEAR MISS HEATMAP

DISPLAY AS

DENSITY

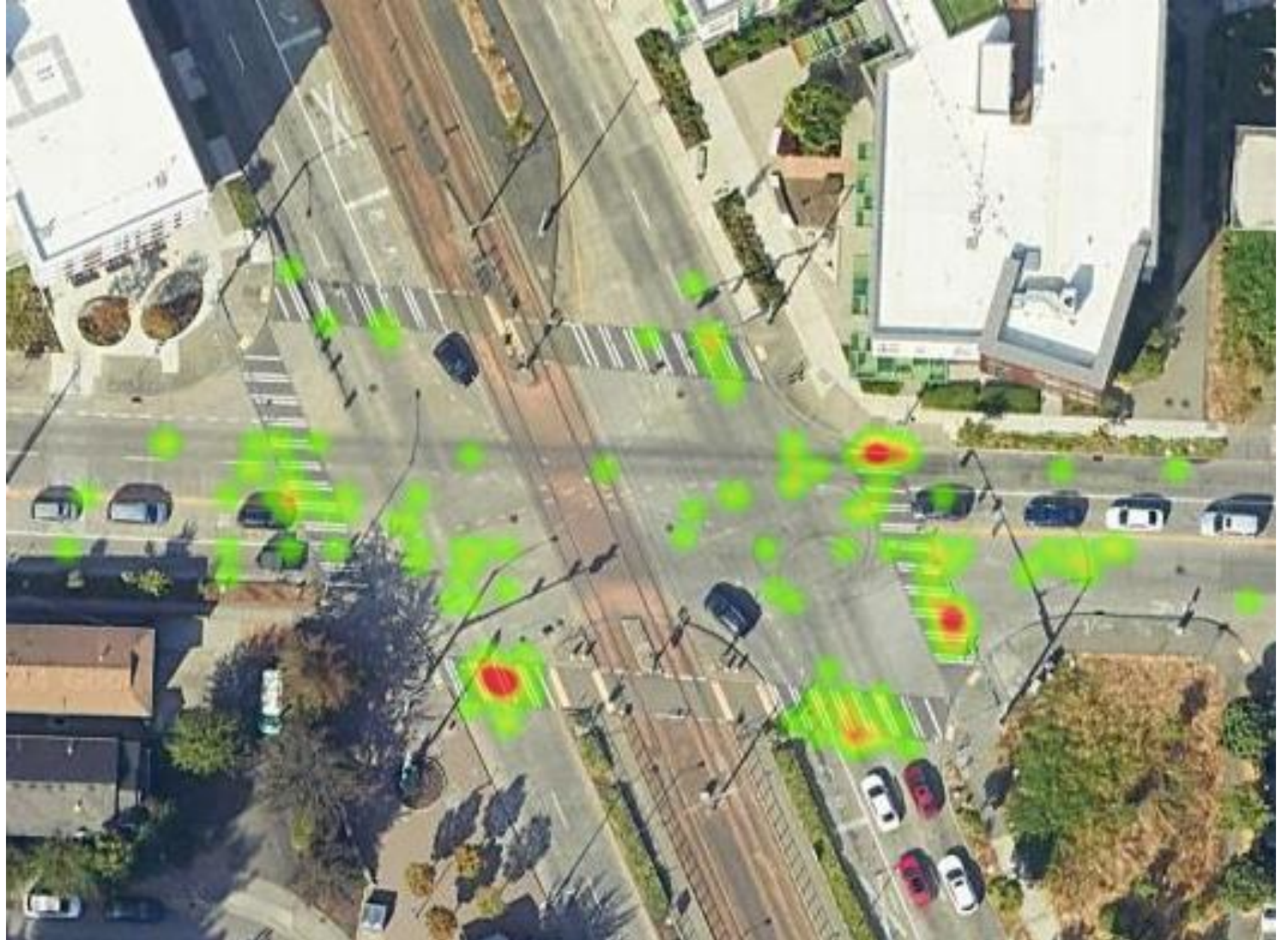
CLUSTER



# Better describe the problem

Detect and Classify  
all objects in view

Near miss heatmap->



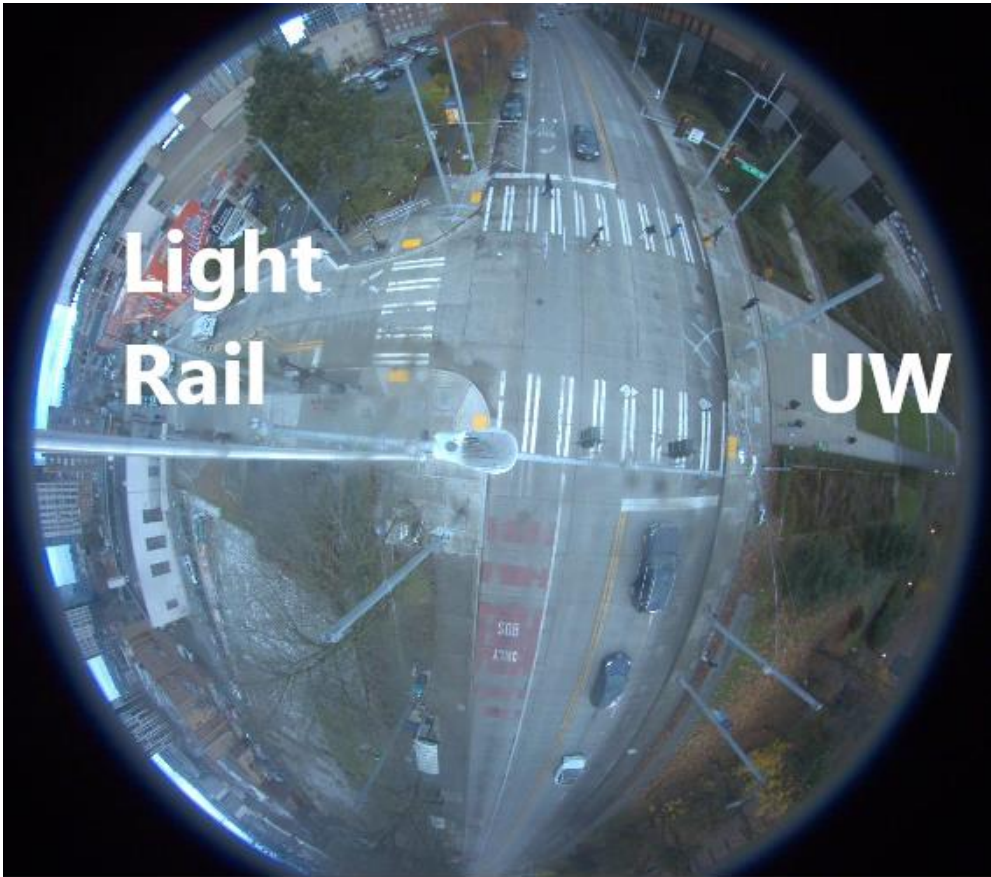
# Better describe the problem

Detect and Classify  
all objects in view

Map of pedestrian  
movements not in  
crosswalk ->

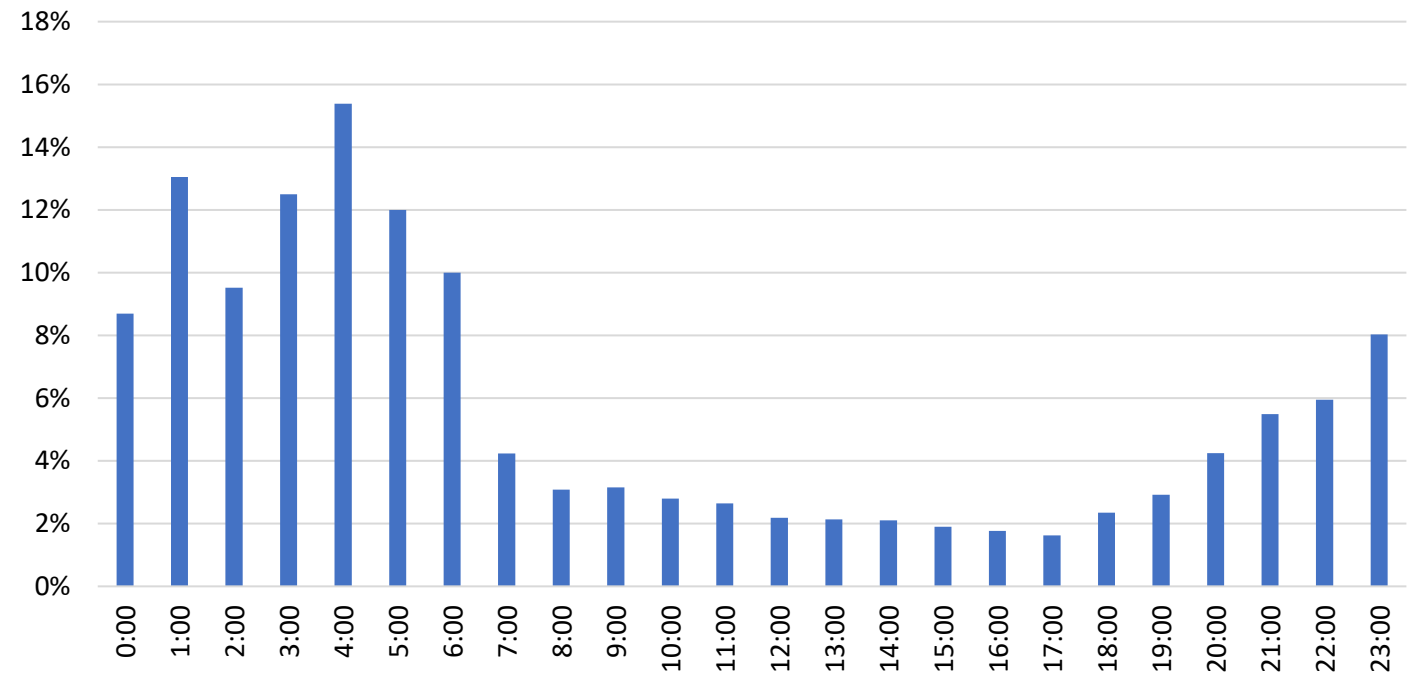


# Pedestrian Detection



What if the signal was responsive to pedestrians?

Pedestrian Signal Violations  
Average of Pedestrian Crossings  
October 2023



# Can We Detect Cyclists?

- **Evaluation 1** utilized standard definition (SD) fisheye cameras
- **Evaluation 2** utilized SD cameras, with updated AI based detection software
- **Evaluation 3** utilized HD cameras, with updated AI based detection software
- **Evaluation 4** utilized HD cameras, with updated AI based detection software, updated Nvidia GPU hardware, and double-detection zones



# Eval 3: Bicyclist Detection

## Clear, Day/Evening

metric	bike_total	bike_eb	bike_nb
detected	99	54	45
detected_misclassified	0	0	0
no detection	4	2	2
actual	103	56	47
improper_detection	5	5	0
percent_classified	96.1%	96%	96%
percent_misclassified	0.0%	0%	0%
percent_detect	96.1%	96%	96%

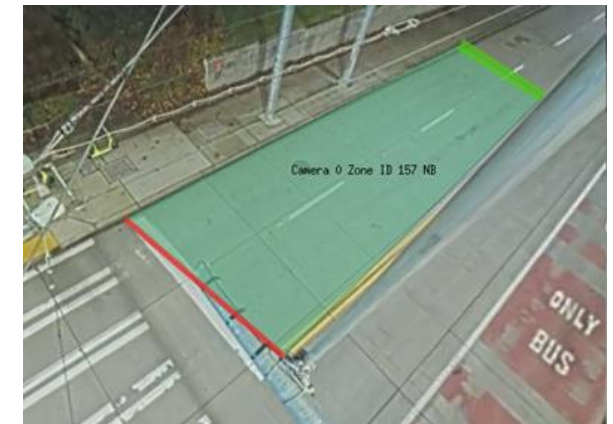
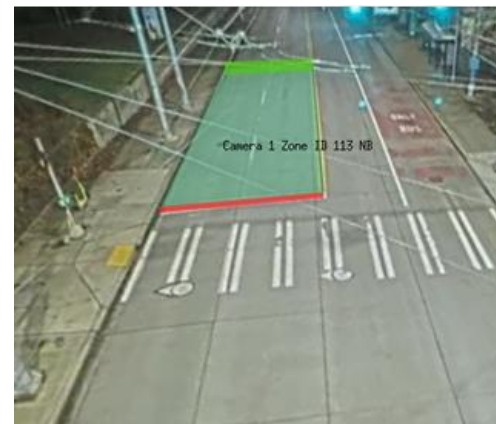


- Evaluation 3 utilized HD cameras, with updated AI based detection software



# Eval 4: Bicyclist Detection

- Can we get there in the dark and rain?
- **Evaluation 4** utilized HD cameras, with updated AI based detection software, updated Nvidia GPU hardware, and double-detection zones



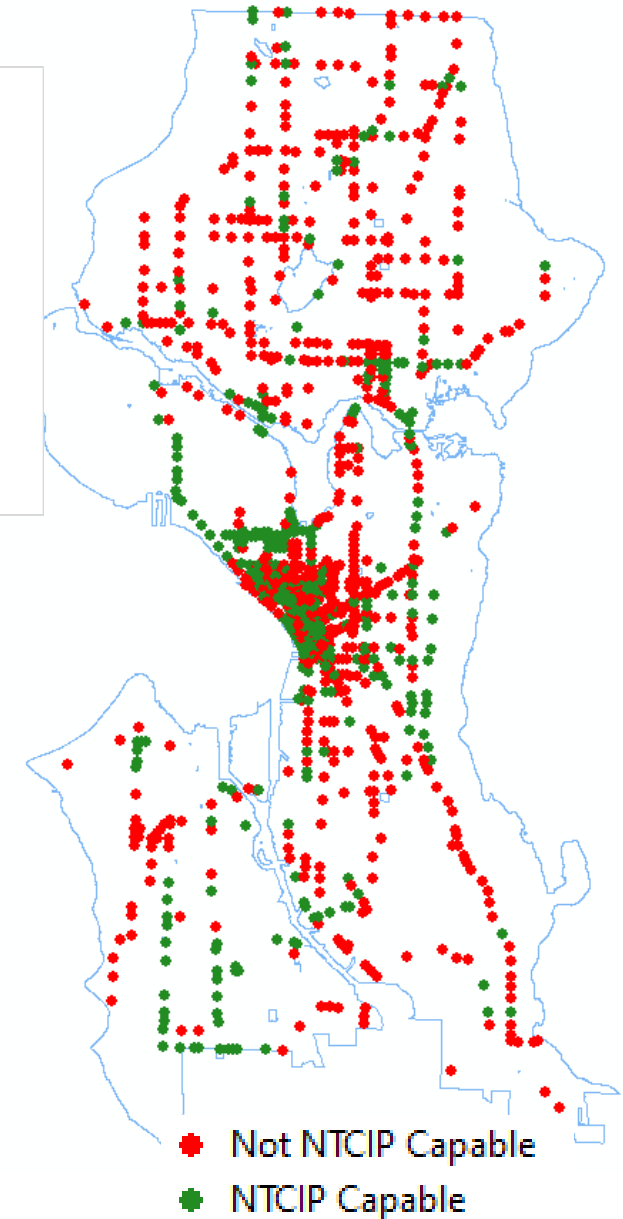
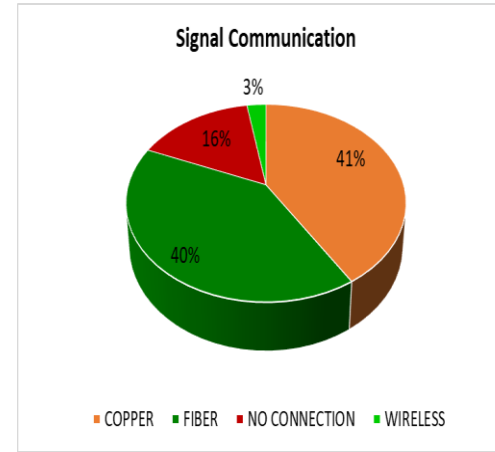
# Thank You

Jeffrey Conor  
[Jeffrey.Conor@Seattle.gov](mailto:Jeffrey.Conor@Seattle.gov)



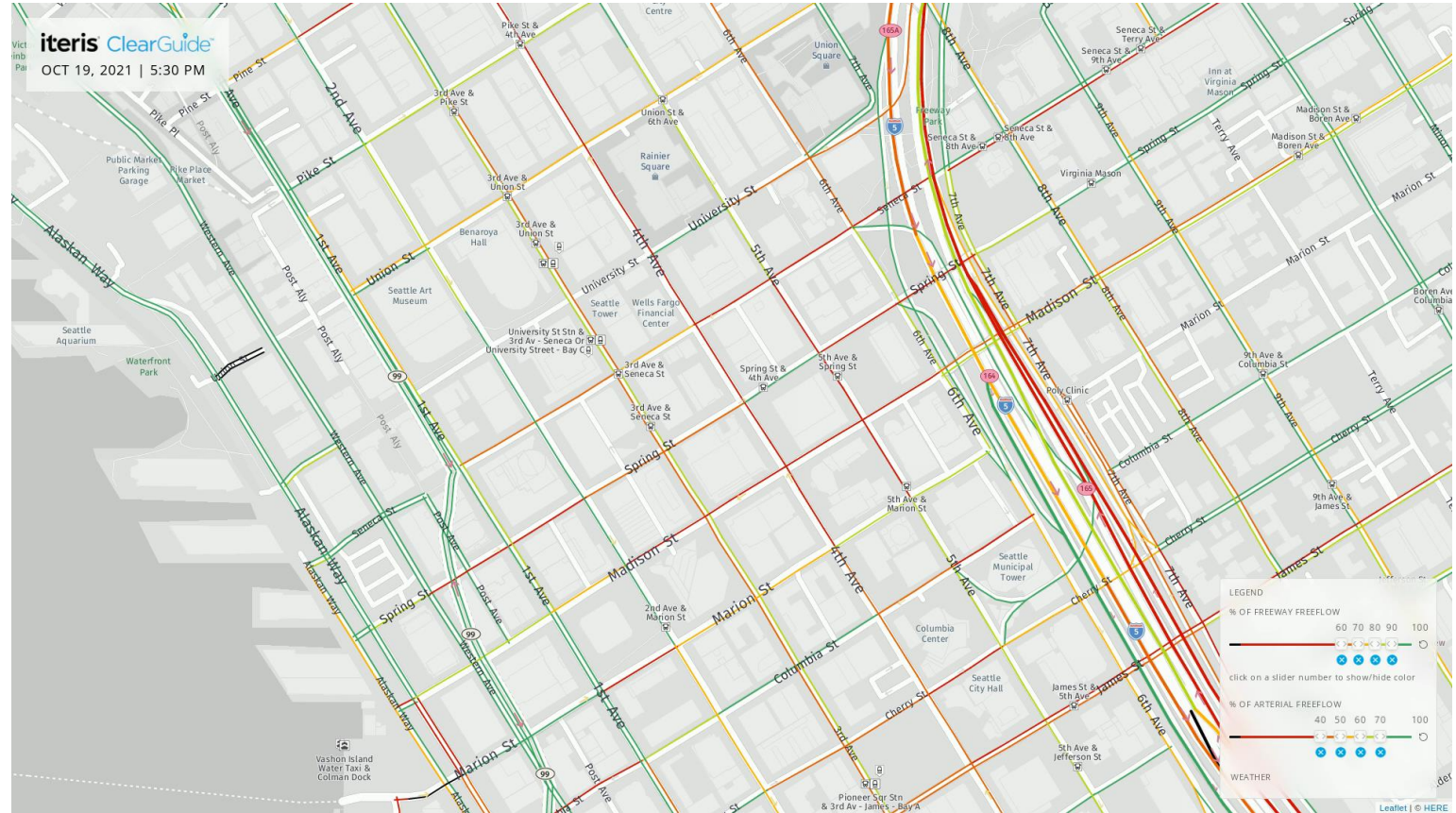
# SDOT's Intelligent Transportation System

- 1,100 traffic signals
- 550+ cameras
- 35+ Electronic signs, detection devices, bridge weather sensors, etc.
- Transportation Operations Center, Dispatch, and response teams
  - 24x7x365



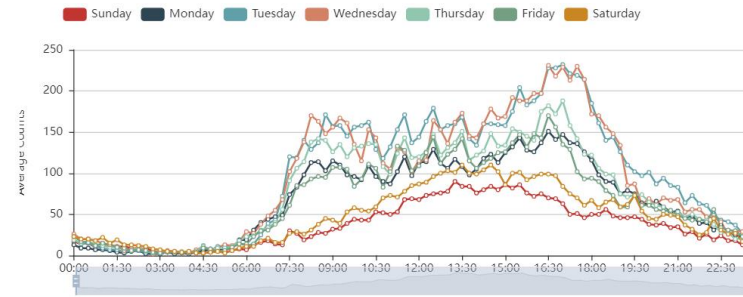
# Result: Lower Speeds to Save Lives

- Full knowledge of vehicle speeds
  - Citywide
  - Historical and real-time data
- Enables better project prioritization, highlights areas of concern



# Video Analytics: Traffic Data

- Uses existing CCTV cameras
- Hardware-based video analytics in server room
- Volume, Classification, Speed
- Bus Lane Violations
- 2022 Pilot



# Eval 4: Bicyclist Detection

- Can we get there?

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## Cyclists in the dark and rain

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Detected	44
Not detected	25
Actual	69
Percent Detected	64%

- Next steps:
  - Further train model
  - Add additional camera views
  - Explore increased intersection lighting

